

SYRIA

5 DAYS -4 NIGHTS

D A M A S C U S

Arrival - Damascus

Meet our representative at the specified place and time in Beirut & transfer to Damascus, Meet the guide at the Syrian –Lebanese Border (Jdaida Border), Continue to Damascus

Picking up rooms at the hotel

Visit the oldest capital in the world



Full day in Damascus

The National Museum: Its visit provides an overview of the civilizations that have succeeded in Syrian soil. It contains statues, seals, jewelry, masks, mosaics, tablets and weavings from the most important sites in the country.

Souk Al-Hamidiye : The most beautiful souk of Damascus. Its shops display all sorts of goods, especially clothes, fabrics, pastries and handicrafts.

The Umayyad Mosque : Located in the heart of the Medina, the mosque is distinguished by its prayer room, its courtyard and its walls covered with mosaics.





El-Azem Palace: Not far from the Great Mosque, in the labyrinth of the souk is the palace El-Azem. It is considered as the sumptuous model of the Damascene house whose exterior simplicity and sobriety do not suggest anything about a beautiful and rich interior, with many varieties of flowers, fruit trees and water jets.

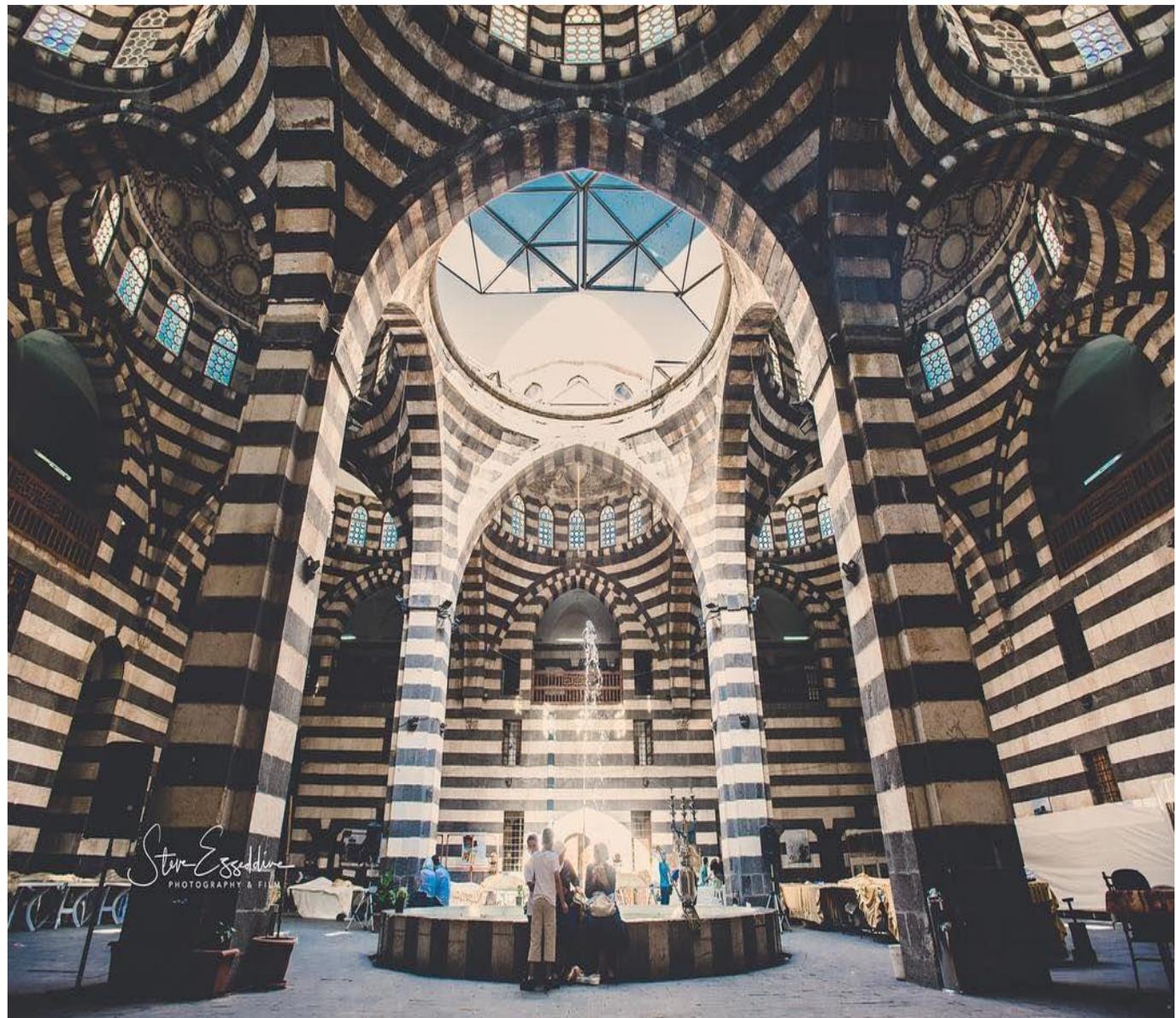
caravanserai is the largest caravanserai (khān) in the Old City of Damascus. Situated along Al-Buzuriyah Souq, it was built in 1751. Khan As'ad Pasha has been described as one of the finest khans of Damascus, and the most "ambitious" work of architecture in the city.

Straight Street (or in Latin, Via Recta), is the Roman street that runs from east to west in the old city of Damascus. It was visited by St. Paul as recorded in the book of Acts of Apostles and contains several interesting sights from the Roman, Christian and Islamic periods. Under the Greeks, the old city of Damascus was designed after the grid pattern designed by Hippodamus. Under Roman rule, the Via Recta was widened and became a colonnaded thoroughfare (documanus). These columns can still be seen today.

Saint Ananias Church: It is of particular importance because it is attached to the memory of Saint Paul. Before his conversion to Christianity he had a vision here that blinded him for several days and gave him an unshakeable faith.

In the afternoon, you will explore Damascus old town, free time.





Damascus-Maaloula – Homs-Aleppo

- Breakfast at the hotel.
- Departure towards **Maaloula**, a Christian village famous for its houses dug in the rock and especially it still speaks Aramaic, the language of Christ .
Pass by Homs: Previously known as Emisa or Emesa, is a city in western Syria and the capital of the Homs Governorate. Saint Mary of the Holy Belt Cathedral is a historical Syrian Orthodox cathedral Khalid Ibn Walid Mosque
- Continuation to **Aleppo**
Visit of the second city of Syria.
A flourishing metropolis since the 3rd millennium BC, Aleppo has been compete with Damascus for the title of the world's oldest continuously inhabited city. The old city has undoubtedly the most beautiful souks of the Middle East.
Caravanserais: They were intended for the accommodation of traders on the move and their goods. They are famous for their decorated facades, high arched entrances and huge wooden doors that closed at nightfall ...
The souks: The old souks covered in Aleppo are distinguished by their coffered vaults and their enormous cupolas. Most date back to the 15th and 16th centuries. These are real living museums that offer us a true image of what were the commercial districts and the animation that reigned in the Middle Ages.
Each souk specializes in selling a type of product. In the charming souks you can also find authentic Bedouin handicrafts, as well as rugs, fabrics and many varieties of delicacies to enjoy, such as the famous Aleppo pistachios, honey-based pastries, almonds and fruits. dry that will make happy the most greedy. You will do the best shopping in the

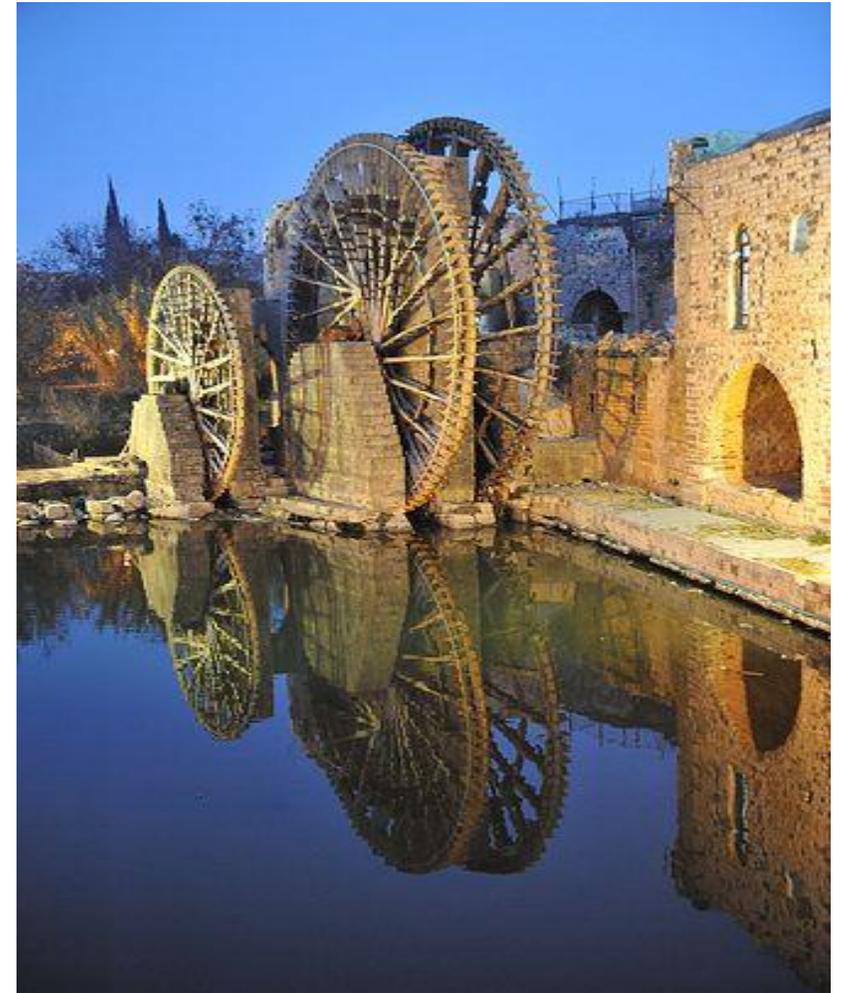




Aleppo-Hama –Karak des Chevaliers

• *Breakfast at the hotel .Departure towards Hama*
Evidence of these ornate water wheels dates back as far as the 3th century BC, The norias(“wheels of pots” in Arabic) were originally constructed on the Orontes River to supply series of aqueducts that fed farms all across the settlement. Becoming so iconic that they eventually became the symbol of the city.

Continue to Crack des Chevaliers, the most famous fortress of the Middle Ages. The crusaders made it the basic element of their system of strongholds on the coast. It is so vast and so impregnable that it has become the symbol of a whole era of bloody struggles between Muslims and Crusaders ...
overnight at the hotel in al-Mishtaya





AlMeshtaya – Palmyra – Damascus –

Breakfast at the hotel.

Departure to Palmyra: The one that the Romans baptized Palmyra (the city of palms) and that the Syrians call Tadmor (miracle in Aramaic) is the most important oasis of the Syrian Desert. Located 240 km from Damascus, Palmyra is the city of all superlatives. It arises in the midst of golden sands that extend to infinity. An oasis of columns remains and palm trees that testify to the splendor of this city that made, one day, tremble Rome.

- The temple of Bel: It was for the Palmyrens what Zeus was for the Greeks. Its temple is the largest and most majestic building in Palmyra, a unique example of fusion between Greco-Roman and oriental-inspired architecture.
- The theater and the big colonnade: It crosses the city on more than one kilometer by which the caravans arriving from the desert passed by.
- Tombs: including towers tombs, tombs underground, Temple tombs and individual tombs.
- Back to Damascus –
Over night at the hotel





Damascus – Bosra - Damascus

Breakfast at the hotel. Departure to Bosra a very ancient city, already mentioned in the inscriptions of Akhenaton, in the 14th century BC. The most important of its monuments is the famous Roman theater (2nd century AD), the one of the most beautiful and best preserved in the world. It is 45 meters long and has a depth of 8 meters. It can accommodate seventeen thousands spectators.

- Back to Damascus – Departure to Beirut





The price includes:

- Accommodation.
- Breakfast.
- 2 Transfers Beirut– Damascus / Damascus – Beirut
- Transport by tourist A/C car –Van –Mini- Bus.
- Professional guide.
- Approvals for visit and visa.
- Entrance fees for all sites in Syria.
- Departure tax.
- Assistance 24/24 on mobile phone, in Syria (+963988 265 319).

The price does not include:

- Drinks.
- Lunch
- Diner
- Cost of visa in Syrian borders
- Personal expenses.